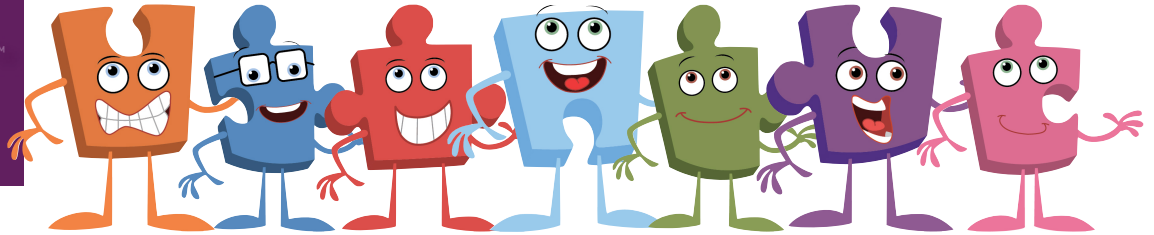
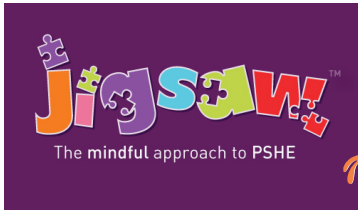


## PSHE Policy 2022/3



## Introduction

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

This HBN PSHE policy continues to broadly follow the Jigsaw PSHE policy and has been updated in line with the changing world to ensure it reflects and addresses current themes. The Jigsaw PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance on:

- \* Sex and Relationships Education,
- \* Preventing and tackling bullying,
- \* Drug and Alcohol Education
- \* Safeguarding
- \* Equality.

## Aim of the HBN/ Jigsaw PSHE policy

To provide pupils with the knowledge, understanding, attitudes, values and skills they need in order to reach their potential as individuals and within the community.

Pupils are encouraged to take part in a wide range of activities and experiences across and beyond the curriculum, contributing fully to the life of their school and communities. In doing so they learn to recognise their own worth, work well with others and become increasingly responsible for their own learning. They reflect on their experiences and understand how they are developing personally and socially, tackling many of the spiritual, moral, social and cultural issues that are part of growing up.

They learn to understand and respect our common humanity; diversity and differences so that they can go on to form the effective, fulfilling relationships that are an essential part of life and learning.

## Objectives/Pupil learning intentions:

PSHE lessons will support the development of the skills, attitudes, values and behaviour, which enable pupils to:

- Have a sense of purpose
- Value self and others
- Form relationships
- Make and act on informed decisions
- Communicate effectively
- Work with others
- Respond to challenge
- Be an active partner in their own learning
- Be active citizens within the local community
- Explore issues related to living in a democratic society
- Become healthy and fulfilled individuals

## Jigsaw Content

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase, as the table below shows:

Term	Puzzle name	Content
<b>Autumn 1:</b>	Understanding me	Includes understanding my place in the class, school and global community
<b>Autumn 2:</b>	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills
<b>Spring 1:</b>	Goals and Dreams	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, working together, developing a GROW attitude, developing a sense of pride
<b>Spring 2:</b>	Looking After Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, positive choices, staying safe
<b>Summer 1:</b>	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and diversity work
<b>Summer 2:</b>	Changing Me	Includes Sex and Relationship Education in the context of looking at change, Life Transitions

## Relationships and Sex Education

Effective RSE can make a significant contribution to the development of the personal skills needed by pupils if they are to establish and maintain relationships. It also enables children and young people to make responsible and informed decisions about their health and well-being.

### Current RSE requirements

Primary schools are legally obliged to have an up-to-date RSE policy that describes the content and organisation of RSE taught outside science in the National Curriculum. In primary schools if the decision is taken not to teach RSE beyond the National Curriculum this should also be documented in the policy. The policy should be made available to parents on request. It is the school governors' responsibility to ensure that the policy is developed and implemented.

## Jigsaw RSE Content

The grid below shows specific RSE learning intentions for each year group in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle.

Year Group	Piece Number and Name	Learning Intentions 'Pupils will be able to...'
1	Piece 4 Boys' and Girls' Bodies	<p>identify the parts of the body that make boys different to girls and use the correct names for these: penis, testicles, vagina</p> <p>respect my body and understand which parts are private</p>
2	Piece 4 Boys' and Girls' Bodies	<p>recognise the physical differences between boys and girls, use the correct names for parts of the body (penis, testicles, vagina) and appreciate that some parts of my body are private</p> <p>tell you what I like/don't like about being a boy/girl</p>
3	Piece 1 How Babies Grow	<p>understand that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up, and that usually it is the female who has the baby</p> <p>express how I feel when I see babies or baby animals</p>
	Piece 2 Babies	<p>understand how babies grow and develop in the mother's uterus and understand what a baby needs to live and grow</p> <p>express how I might feel if I had a new baby in my family</p>
	Piece 3 Outside Body Changes	<p>understand that boys' and girls' bodies need to change so that when they grow up their bodies can make babies</p> <p>identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the outside during this growing up process</p> <p>recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and know how to cope with those feelings</p>
	Piece 4 Inside Body Changes	<p>identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up</p> <p>recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and how to cope with these feelings</p>
4	Piece 2 Having A Baby	<p>correctly label the internal and external parts of male and female bodies that are necessary for making a baby</p> <p>understand that having a baby is a personal choice and express how I feel about having children when I am an adult</p>
	Piece 3 Girls and Puberty	<p>describe how a girl's body changes in order for her to be able to have babies when she is an adult, and that menstruation (having periods) is a natural part of this</p> <p>know that I have strategies to help me cope with the physical and emotional changes I will experience during puberty</p>

5	Piece 2 Puberty for Girls	explain how a girl's body changes during puberty and understand the importance of looking after myself physically and emotionally  understand that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be OK for me
	Piece 3 Puberty for Boys and Girls	describe how boys' and girls' bodies change during puberty  express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
	Piece 4 Conception	understand that sexual intercourse can lead to conception and that is how babies are usually made understand that sometimes people need IVF to help them have a baby  appreciate how amazing it is that human bodies can reproduce in these ways
6	Piece 2 Puberty	explain how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after myself physically and emotionally  express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
	Piece 3 Girl Talk/Boy Talk	ask the questions I need answered about changes during puberty  reflect on how I feel about asking the questions and about the answers I receive
	Piece 4 Babies – Conception to Birth	describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born  recognise how I feel when I reflect on the development and birth of a baby
	Piece 5 Attraction	understand how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship  express how I feel about the growing independence of becoming a teenager and am confident that I can cope with this

### **Withdrawal from RSE lessons**

Parents/carers have the right to withdraw their children from all or part of the Relationships and Sex Education provided at school except for those parts included in statutory National Curriculum Science. Those parents/carers wishing to exercise this right are invited in to see the head teacher who will explore any concerns and discuss any impact that withdrawal may have on the child. Once a child has been withdrawn they cannot take part in the RSE programme until the request for withdrawal has been removed.

# Drug and Alcohol Education

This policy uses the definition that a drug is: 'A substance people take to change the way they feel, think or behave' (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime). The term 'Drugs' includes

- All illegal drugs
- All legal drugs including alcohol, tobacco and volatile substances which can be inhaled
- All over-the-counter and prescription medicines

Effective Drug and Alcohol Education can make a significant contribution to the development of the personal skills needed by pupils as they grow up. It also enables young people to make responsible and informed decisions about their health and well-being.

## **Jigsaw Drug and Alcohol Education Content**

The grid below shows specific Drug and Alcohol Education learning intentions for each year group in the 'Looking After Me' Puzzle.

Year Group	Piece Number and Name	Learning Intentions 'Pupils will be able to...'
2	Piece 3 Medicine Safety	understand how medicines work in my body and how important it is to use them safely. feel positive about caring for my body and keeping it healthy
3	Piece 3 What Do I Know About Drugs?	tell you my knowledge and attitude towards drugs identify how I feel towards drugs
4	Piece 3 Smoking	understand the facts about smoking and its effects on health, and also some of the reasons some people start to smoke can relate to feelings of shame and guilt and know how to act assertively to resist pressure from myself and others
	Piece 4 Alcohol	understand the facts about alcohol and its effects on health, particularly the liver, and also some of the reasons some people drink alcohol can relate to feelings of shame and guilt and know how to act assertively to resist pressure from myself and others
5	Piece 1 Smoking	know the health risks of smoking and can tell you how tobacco affects the lungs, liver and heart make an informed decision about whether or not I choose to smoke and know how to resist pressure
	Piece 2 Alcohol	know some of the risks with misusing alcohol, including anti-social behaviour, and how it affects the liver and heart make an informed decision about whether or not I choose to drink alcohol and know how to resist pressure
6	Piece 2 Drugs	know about different types of drugs and their uses and their effects on the body particularly the liver and heart be motivated to find ways to be happy and cope with life's situations without using drugs
	Piece 3 Alcohol	evaluate when alcohol is being used responsibly, anti-socially or being misused tell you how I feel about using alcohol when I am older and my reasons for this

# How is Jigsaw PSHE organised in school?

Our PSHE Program brings together all aspect of PSHE. Teaching strategies are varied and are mindful of preferred learning styles and the need for differentiation. The curriculum is designed as a whole school approach, with all year groups working on the same theme at the same time. This enables each theme to start with an introductory assembly, generating a whole school focus for adults and children alike.

There are six key themes in Jigsaw Curriculum that underpin our adapted curriculum approach, they are designed to progress in sequence from September to July. Each theme has six lessons.

## Safeguarding

Teachers need to be aware that sometimes disclosures may be made during these sessions; in which case, safeguarding procedures must be followed immediately. Sometimes it is clear that certain children may need time to talk one-to-one after the circle closes. It is important to allow the time and appropriate staffing for this to happen. If disclosures occur, the school's safeguarding procedures are followed.

## Celebrations/Awards

At the end of every week the teacher shall award one/two children a 'jigsaw' certificate. This shall be awarded to them during Mondays assembly when the previous weeks learning will be celebrated and the following weeks introduced. It will be given to children who have demonstrated understanding related to the learning carried out that week.

## The Learning Environment

Establishing a safe, open and positive learning environment based on trusting relationships between all members of the class, adults and children alike, is vital. To enable this, it is important that 'ground rules' are agreed and owned at the beginning of the year and are reinforced in every theme.

The Class Charter for PSHE lessons will comprise of agreed actions:

- We take turns to speak
- We use kind and positive words
- We listen to each other
- We have the right to pass
- We only use names when giving compliments or when being positive
- We respect each other's privacy (confidentiality)
- 

## Teaching Sensitive and Controversial Issues

Sensitive and controversial issues are certain to arise in learning from real-life experience. Teachers will be prepared to handle personal issues arising from the work, to deal sensitively with, and to follow up appropriately, disclosures made in a group or individual setting. Issues that we address that are likely to be sensitive and controversial because they have a political, social or personal impact or deal with values and beliefs include: family lifestyles and values, physical and medical issues, financial issues, bullying and bereavement.

Teachers will take all reasonable, practical steps to ensure that, where political or controversial issues are brought to pupils' attention, they are offered a balanced presentation of opposing views. Teachers will adopt strategies that seek to avoid bias on their part and will teach pupils how to recognise bias and evaluate evidence. Teachers will seek to establish a classroom climate in which all pupils are free from any fear of expressing reasonable points of view that contradict those held either by their class teachers or their peers.

## Answering Difficult Questions and Sensitive Issues

Staff members are aware that views around RSE- and Drug and Alcohol Education-related issues are varied. However, while personal views are respected, all RE and Drug and Alcohol Education issues are taught without bias using Jigsaw. Topics are presented using a variety of views and beliefs so that pupils are able to form their own, informed opinions but also respect that others have the right to a different opinion.

Both formal and informal RSE and Drug and Alcohol Education arising from pupils' questions are answered according to the age and maturity of the pupil(s) concerned. Questions do not have to be answered directly, and can be addressed individually later. The school believes that individual teachers must use their skill and discretion in this area and refer to the Child Protection Coordinator if they are concerned.

Our school believes that RSE and Drug and Alcohol Education should meet the needs of all pupils, answer appropriate questions and offer support. In Jigsaw themes that cover RSE provision, this should be regardless of their developing sexuality and be able to deal honestly and sensitively with sexual orientation, answer appropriate questions and offer support. Homophobic bullying is dealt with strongly yet sensitively. The school liaises with parents/carers on this issue to reassure them of the content and context.

### **Involving parents and carers**

The school believes that it is important to have the support of parents, carers and the wider community for the PSHE programme. Parents and carers are/will be given the opportunity to find out about and discuss the PSHE programme through the website and school displays.

### **Pupil Consultation:**

- Pupil surveys are conducted regularly, survey questions refer directly to elements of the PSHE scheme.
- pupils are consulted, through the school council, as to what initiatives the school could implement to support PSHE e.g. friendship benches, peer mentoring systems.

### **Links to other policies and curriculum areas**

We recognise the clear link between PSHE and the following policies and staff are aware of the need to refer to these policies when appropriate.

- Curriculum
- Teaching and Learning Policy
- Equal Opportunities Policy
- Safeguarding Policy
- RSE Policy

### **Confidentiality and Child Protection Issues**

As a general rule a child's confidentiality is maintained by the teacher or member of staff concerned. If this person believes that the child is at risk or in danger, she/he talks to the named child protection co-ordinator who takes action as laid down in the Child Protection Policy. All staff members are familiar with the policy and know the identity of the member of staff with responsibility for Child Protection issues. The child concerned will be informed that confidentiality is being breached and reasons why. The child will be supported by the teacher throughout the process.

### **Policy Review**

Policy Written: July 2022, reviewed July 2023

This new policy will initially be reviewed annually.

Next review July 2024